BROWARD SHERIFF’S OFFICE

Agency Overview

The Broward County Sheriff’s Office (BSO) is the chief law enforcement agency in Broward County. As one of the largest, most progressive, professional, and respected organizations in the State of Florida, BSO serves our community with law enforcement, detention, and fire rescue services in the unincorporated areas of Broward County. The Sheriff’s office provides law enforcement services to the Fort Lauderdale / Hollywood Airport, the Broward County Courthouse, Port Everglades, and 13 local municipalities via contracted provisions. All the agency’s vast resources are available to any municipality within Broward County.

Founded in 1915, Broward County has grown from 4,700 residents to become the second most populous county in Florida (over 1.9 million residents) and is the seventh largest in area size at 1,224 square miles. With Fort Lauderdale serving as the county seat, Broward County is an international tourist destination and hub. Home to Port Everglades, one of the top three cruise ports in the world, and to Everglades National Park, a federally protected subtropical natural wetland shared with four other counties.

The Broward Sheriff’s Office operates the 13th largest local jail system in the United States. It is one of the largest to have earned national accreditation from the Commission on Accreditation for Corrections. The Department of Detention (DOD) oversees all jail facility operations and community-based offender programs within Broward County. Annually, approximately 41,982 inmates crossing every ethnic, age, and socioeconomic group are booked into BSO’s jail for crimes ranging from civil infractions to capital crimes. In addition, many inmates arrive with drug or alcohol addictions, mental health problems, or both, requiring BSO to administer a range of medical and rehabilitative programs.
Department of Detention

The Department of Detention operates and administers four primary jail facilities in Broward County:

- **Main Jail Bureau and Central Intake Bureau (Booking)**
  555 SE 1st Avenue, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301

- **Joseph V. Conte Facility**
  1351 NW 27th Avenue, Pompano Beach, FL 33069

- **North Broward Bureau**
  1550 NW 30th Avenue, Pompano Beach, FL 33069

- **Paul Rein Detention Facility**
  2421 NW 16th Street, Pompano Beach, FL 33069

Special units include the Emergency Response Team (ERT), Investigations and Projects Unit (IPU), and the Security Threat Group (STG), which assist detention facility staff in maintaining a secure and productive environment for inmates and facility personnel. In addition BSO puts non-violent criminals to work in designated inmate work programs, saving Broward County taxpayers as much as $1.2 million annually in labor costs related to neighborhood and community-wide improvement projects.
HISTORY OF PREA

The Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) was established in 2003 by President George W. Bush with unanimous support from both parties in Congress. The purpose of the act was to “provide for the analysis of the incidence and effects of prison rape in Federal, State, and local institutions. The information gathered provides resources, recommendations, and funding to protect individuals from prison rape.” (Prison Rape Elimination Act, 2003.) In addition to creating a mandate for significant research from the Bureau of Justice Statistics and the National Institute of Justice, PREA funding through the Bureau of Justice Assistance and the National Institute of Corrections supports major efforts in many state correctional, juvenile detention, community corrections, and jail systems.

The act also created the National Prison Rape Elimination Commission and charged it with developing draft standards for the elimination of prison rape. These standards were published in June 2009 and were turned over to the Department of Justice (DOJ) for review and passage as a final rule. The final PREA Standards were published by the DOJ and became effective on August 20, 2012.

In 2010, the Bureau of Justice Assistance funded the National PREA Resource Center to continue to provide federally funded training and technical assistance to states and localities, as well as to serve as a single-stop resource for leading research, providing tools for all those in the field working to come into compliance with the federal standards.
BROWARD SHERIFF’S OFFICE AND PREA

The Broward Sheriff’s Office, Department of Detention, achieved PREA compliance certification in April of 2018. BSO has a “ZERO TOLERANCE” policy for incidents involving sexual harassment or sexual abuse within any of the detention facilities it operates.

In order to adhere to the Federal PREA compliance standards, BSO has made the following provisions:

- A detailed policy outlining, procedures, documentation, investigations, evidence collection, risk assessment, appropriate housing guidelines, medical care, and follow-up care for all alleged incidents.
- Detention staff are provided continual PREA training annually by virtue of training classes, roll call training, published training bulletins, and distribution of PREA informational pocket cards to all facility staff.
- Through inmate orientation and issued Handbooks, inmates are educated on warning signs of PREA to include, prevention, detection, and guidelines for reporting a PREA complaint. Furthermore, PREA reporting directive posters are displayed throughout all detention facilities providing information and phone numbers for help.
- BSO has partnered with a local crisis center to provide Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANE), for victim examinations and advocacy services, for inmates requesting services.
- The Detention Facilities were fitted with additional cameras to decrease vulnerable areas, and modifications were made to restroom facilities and showers to enhance privacy.
SEXUAL ABUSE/HARASSMENT

*Sexual abuse* is defined and includes—

(1) Sexual abuse of an inmate, detainee, or resident by another inmate, detainee, or resident; and

(2) Sexual abuse of an inmate, detainee, or resident by a staff member, contractor, or volunteer.

*Sexual abuse* of an inmate, detainee, or resident by another *inmate, detainee, or resident* includes any of the following acts, if the victim does not consent, is coerced into such act by overt or implied threats of violence, or is unable to consent or refuse:

(1) Contact between the penis and the vulva or the penis and the anus, including penetration, however slight.

(2) Contact between the mouth and the penis, vulva, or anus.

(3) Penetration of the anal or genital opening of another person, however slight, by a hand, finger, object, or other instrument; and

(4) Any other intentional touching, either directly or through the clothing, of the genitalia, anus, groin, breast, inner thigh, or the buttocks of another person, excluding contact incidental to a physical altercation.

*Sexual abuse* of an inmate, detainee, or resident by a *staff member, contractor, or volunteer* includes any of the following acts, with or without consent of the inmate, detainee, or resident:

(1) Contact between the penis and the vulva or the penis and the anus, including penetration, however slight.

(2) Contact between the mouth and the penis, vulva, or anus.

(3) Contact between the mouth and any body part where the staff member, contractor, or volunteer has the intent to abuse, arouse, or gratify sexual desire.
(4) Penetration of the anal or genital opening, however slight, by a hand, finger, object, or other instrument, that is unrelated to official duties or where the staff member, contractor, or volunteer has the intent to abuse, arouse, or gratify sexual desire;

(5) Any other intentional contact, either directly or through the clothing, of or with the genitalia, anus, groin, breast, inner thigh, or the buttocks, that is unrelated to official duties or where the staff member, contractor, or volunteer has the intent to abuse, arouse, or gratify sexual desire;

(6) Any attempt, threat, or request by a staff member, contractor, or volunteer to engage in the activities described in paragraphs (1)-(5) of this section.

(7) Any display by a staff member, contractor, or volunteer of his or her uncovered genitalia, buttocks, or breast in the presence of an inmate, detainee, or resident, and

(8) Voyeurism by a staff member, contractor, or volunteer.

_Voyeurism_ by a staff member, contractor, or volunteer means an invasion of privacy of an inmate, detainee, or resident by staff for reasons unrelated to official duties, such as peering at an inmate who is using a toilet in his or her cell to perform bodily functions; requiring an inmate to expose his or her buttocks, genitals, or breasts; or taking images of all or part of an inmate’s naked body or of an inmate performing bodily functions.

_Sexual harassment_ is defined and includes—

(1) Repeated and unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, or verbal comments, gestures, or actions of a derogatory or offensive sexual nature by one inmate, detainee, or resident directed toward another: and

(2) Repeated verbal comments or gestures of a sexual nature to an inmate, detainee, or resident by a staff member, contractor, or volunteer, including demeaning references to gender, sexually suggestive or derogatory comments about body or clothing, or obscene language or gestures.
PREA INCIDENT ANALYSIS / 2021

In 2021, one hundred seventy-three (173) PREA complaints were received by the Department of Detention’s Investigations and Projects Unit (IPU) for investigation. The breakdown of each complaint classification in 2021 are as follows:

- Ninety-two (92) complaints were classified as an inmate victimized by another inmate.
- Sixty-five (65) complaints were classified as an inmate victimized by staff.
- Sixteen (16) complaints were classified as Undetermined.

Each PREA complaint is designated a final disposition when a case is closed. The disposition of current and closed cases for 2021 are as follows:

- One hundred thirty-four (134) cases, **Non-PREA**, the incidents acts, or behavior are not covered under the tenets of the National PREA Standards; therefore, these did not meet the criteria of PREA.
- Eleven (11) cases, **Unfounded**, the incidents were investigated and determined not to have occurred.
- Eighteen (18) cases, **Unsubstantiated**, the incidents were investigated, and the investigation produced insufficient evidence to make a final determination as to whether the event occurred.
- One (1) case, **Substantiated**, the incident was investigated and determined to have occurred.
- Nine (9) complaints are currently **under investigation**.
**All incidents are captured by date of occurrence; totals are subject to change.**

The above graph indicates (92) accounts of Inmate on Inmate allegations reported in 2021. Sexual harassment allegations totaled (78), which makes up 85% of the total Inmate on Inmate complaints and 53% of the total PREA related complaints filed for this year. For 2021 only one allegation was proved as substantiated for an inmate on inmate sexual harassment as of this publication.

**All incidents are captured by date of occurrence; totals are subject to change.**

The above graph indicates (65) accounts of Staff on Inmate allegations reported in 2021. Of those, (49) incidents reported were sexual harassment allegations making up 75% of the total Staff on Inmate complaints and 38% of the total PREA related complaints filed for this year.
Based on the information in the chart below there has been a slight increase in the number of PREA allegations filed from 2020 to 2021. This increase may be due to the emphasis placed on facility enhancements and the inmate population growth as COVID restrictions were slowly lifted in 2021. Our dedication to constant improvements and continued monitoring will allow the agency to reach its goal of protecting all individual inmates from sexual harassment and abuse. This will also safeguard individuals who report illegal activity.

**Findings definitions:**

**Substantiated allegation:** an allegation that was investigated and determined to have occurred.

**Unfounded allegation:** an allegation that was investigated and determined not to have occurred.

**Unsubstantiated allegation:** an allegation that was investigated and the investigation produced insufficient evidence to make a final determination as to whether the event occurred.

**Non PREA:** any acts or behavior not covered under the tenets of the National PREA Standards.

**All incidents are captured by date of occurrence; totals are subject to change.**
ONGOING EFFORTS

The Broward Sheriff’s Office Department of Detention is committed to ensuring inmates are not victimized by other inmates or staff during their incarceration. Additionally, our Agency is dedicated to eliminating sexual abuse and harassment in all our correctional facilities. The Broward County Sheriff’s Office has ZERO TOLERANCE for sexual abuse and sexual harassment.

HOW TO REPORT

Broward Sheriff’s Office offers multiple ways to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment. Reports can be made anonymously.

- Call Broward Sheriff’s Office PREA hotline at (954) 831-3775.
- Report to any staff, volunteer, contractor, or medical or mental health staff.
- Submit a grievance, inmate request, or a sick call slip.
- Report a complaint to the PREA coordinator or PREA compliance manager.
- Tell a family member, friend, legal counsel, or anyone outside the facility. They can report on your behalf by calling (954) 831-3775.

You also can submit a report on someone’s behalf, or someone at the facility can report for you using the ways listed here.